

As employers across the country begin planning their return to the worksite, a deliberate strategy may help make it a successful transition for everyone.



From the earliest days of the COVID-19 pandemic, UnitedHealthcare has been committed to bringing the full capabilities of our enterprise to helping employers and their employees respond. This guide provides an overview of the priorities for employers to consider as they build a deliberate strategy for returning their employees to the worksite.

Please contact your UnitedHealthcare representative to learn more about the additional resources and information available to you and your employees as you plan your transition back to the worksite.

For the latest info go to: uhc.com/employer/faq-employer

Important Notice

The content contained herein only provides general information on return to worksite considerations. This information does not constitute medical, legal or human resources advice and is not intended nor should it be used as a return to worksite plan. Such a plan needs to be developed by you with your professional advisers taking into account, among other things, the unique aspects of your work environment, geography, employee population and applicable state and local return to worksite guidelines.

The COVID-19 virus is new and information concerning how to test for it, its symptoms, how it spreads and how it can be best contained is constantly evolving as more is learned about the nature of the virus. Additionally, the COVID-19 virus is known to be spread by asymptomatic individuals. As such, no return to worksite plan can fully prevent the spread of the COVID-19 virus within the workplace. Any return to worksite plan must be constantly monitored and modified to take into account the most recent information concerning the virus.

Finding your way forward.

7 priorities for transitioning back to the worksite:

Employers should consider a number of priorities as they plan the transition of operations back to the worksite —from understanding state and federal health policy guidelines to effectively communicating with employees before, during and after the transition.

And, while each worksite is likely to present different challenges, there are 7 priorities to consider that may help ensure a safer and healthier experience for those involved.











Begin the return-to-worksite process.





Support physical and mental health needs.

Confirm your community is ready.

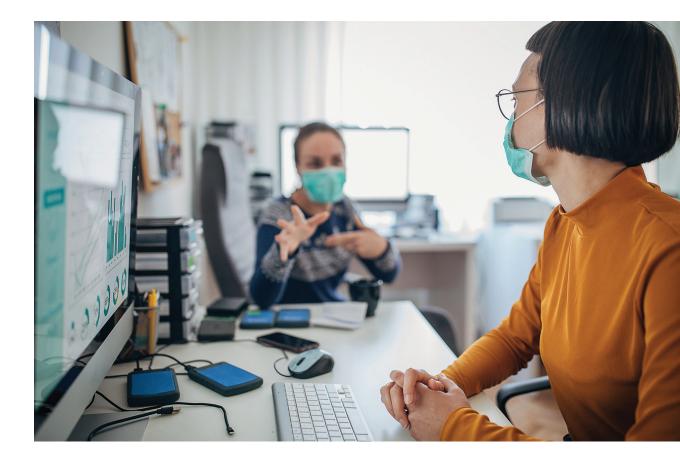
A clear understanding of community conditions is critical as you begin planning.

The coronavirus is affecting various communities in different ways. Check with federal and state agencies for resources and guidelines to understand whether your community is ready. Refer to appropriate guidelines from sources such as the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC¹), Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA²), and your State and County Health Department websites for details about business closures/openings. Population and person-level data may confirm flattening curves.

Review key indicators, guidelines and information.

- Key indicators of community stability include, but are not limited to, a continued 10- to 14-day moving average decrease in new cases or maximum threshold number per 100,000 population, testing and contact tracing capacity, and hospital capacity.³
- Creating a committee to apply these guidelines and determine how they apply (by location), will help with incorporating changes as they occur.

In addition, refer to the "COVID-19 State Information and Links" document in the UnitedHealthcare Return to Worksite Toolkit, which can be found online in our broker or employer portals.





Anticipate potential needs of your building or workspace.

Making the appropriate changes to your work environment can help set you and your employees up for success. From ensuring the availability of proper protective equipment to modifying floor plans, there are a number of items to potentially address.

Prepare your building for the return of operations.

Employees responsible for assessing the physical structure and building systems may refer to all Authority Having Jurisdiction for guidance⁴—governmental divisions from the federal to local level that approve changes to buildings or regulate building codes. Determine if maintenance is needed for mechanical, HVAC and fire/life safety systems and evaluate the use of HEPA filters when possible. Consider completing inspections, remediation and repairs before reopening.

Prepare proper protective measures for employees, including personal protective equipment as appropriate by occupation. Their physical workspace can be cleaned and stocked with hand sanitizer, alcohol wipes, soap and masks/gloves if appropriate. Sanitizer stations can be placed throughout the building.

Establish frequent and thorough cleaning protocols to ensure that cleaning services adequately and regularly disinfect all workspaces using OSHA recommendations. Ensure you have a vendor in place to access support services trained in decontamination in the event of a possible, plausible or known contamination. Confirm their protocols: when they allow crews on site after a report and the time needed to clean based on your building size.

Consider potential worksite modifications.

Employers may need to make changes to workspaces to minimize large gatherings, including modifying open floor plans by adding partitions or closing off common areas. Continue to check CDC guidelines for physical distancing and transmission guidelines. Reduce touch points by installing sensors for high touch areas such as faucets and lights. Encourage employees/visitors to minimize their use of elevators when possible.

Display signs reminding customers/employees of your new guidelines such as maintaining a physical distance of 6 feet, frequent hand washing and staying home when sick. Signs can also direct the flow of movement in narrow high traffic areas. You may consider designating an isolation room for anyone who is or becomes symptomatic while at work. Isolation space can be any type of enclosed room with negative air pressure and special ventilation.⁶

For additional information, the following organizations are considered leaders in building safety or cleaning: Building Owners and Managers Association International (**boma.org**), International Facility Management Association (**ifma.org**) and International Sanitary Supply Association (**issa.com**), a cleaning industry association.

94%

of businesses are enhancing cleaning and disinfection approaches in the workplace.⁵ Ensuring a safe, clean environment for your employees will be increasingly important.





The characteristics of your population and business type will help determine the number and nature of workplace policies necessary for your transition.

A key part of your strategy will be determining how many employees each worksite can accommodate to maintain optimal physical distancing. This will help determine whether changes are required in the worksite footprint.

Determine return-to-work approach for your employee population.

It's important to assess positions that need to come back into the office and those that may be able to work from home, or if employees should be phased back to work (and the basis of the phasing). Consider spacing out phases by 14 days. Consider staggering the timing of your employees' return to the worksite, staggered shifts and potential pilots based on your workplace criteria:



Seniority-based return to work

Consider having designated leaders return to work 2 weeks prior to other employees to test policies and ensure environment is safe for others to return.



Critical function return to work

Select roles deemed important return first to accelerate operations and prepare for reintegration. Similar to seniority-based plan and adjust accordingly.



Hybrid approach

This combines senioritybased plus critical function approaches to test policies and procedures.



Volunteers return to work

If it makes sense for your situation, consider asking volunteers as the first stage of your plan.

Review and revise worksite policies.

Before you start, designate individual contacts responsible for overseeing and ensuring implementation of your plan. Consult with your legal, real estate, occupational health and other resources. Check with your local chamber of commerce, industry or trade association groups to see if any additional recommended practices are available. Evaluate the impact of school closures and day care availability in your community.

When creating a communications plan for employees, it should include what to expect, what will change, when employees should work from home and other crucial information. Consider providing information about employee support services.

Details can include education on workplace safety, physical distancing and the use of face masks. Create additional training for management so they understand their responsibility for enforcing these policies. Develop mechanisms to track compliance and communicate with employees regarding protocols. Establish guidelines for limiting in-person interactions and physical contact.









of businesses are changing shifts and workgroups to improve physical distancing.⁷ Flexibility in approaches to staffing and shift work are helping employers observe physical distancing guidelines.



Determine screening and testing policies.

Consider implementing CDC-based protocols for screening employees and visitors, including decisions on whether to require temperature checks and/or ask if they have experienced symptoms since their last time at the workplace, and/or excluding anyone from the workplace who has experienced symptoms.

Establish a virus testing policy for diagnosis of active cases and/or surveillance based on testing evidence and the availability of viral tests. Inform employees how you plan to respond to a report of a suspected or confirmed COVID-19 case at the worksite. Determine whether or not to recommend medical follow up for a suspected case and anyone else who may have been in contact with them. Recognize that someone in contact with a symptomatic person may be asymptomatic and therefore presymptomatic.

Other policies that may be warranted.

- When employees request a work accommodation (e.g., long-term work from home, including employees with high-risk conditions). Also include guidelines for when a symptomatic employee must stay at home.
- Consider liberalizing your sick-leave policies for those who are symptomatic and/or diagnosed positive.
- Policies for smoking areas and whether a change is required for a more restrictive smoking policy.
- Business travel restrictions policy for employees.
- Consider approaches to physical distancing in multi-passenger vehicles when work vehicles and/or company transportation is provided, avoiding shared transportation (when possible) and disinfecting shared vehicles between drivers.
- It may be appropriate to set restrictions on the maximum number of employees and members of the public on company premises and in specific areas, and workplace entry restrictions for employees and visitors.



Clearly sharing your plan will help set employee expectations.

Many employees may be apprehensive to return to work, while others may be eager to do so. Recognizing that your employees will have varying degrees of comfort with this transition and clearly communicating your commitment to safety, health, education and training will be important.

Help employees understand the role they play.

- Communicate basic reminders (such as physical distancing, frequent hand washing and wearing gloves/masks if appropriate for occupation).
- Share local and community resources available to employees.
- Offer clear guidelines for when employees MUST stay at home.
- Advise employees to use the free COVID-19 symptom checkers on uhc.com or the CDC website to understand what they should do if or when they are experiencing symptoms of illness.⁸

Encourage employees to get in the habit of daily symptom checking, so that it becomes a habit by the time they return to the worksite. Employees should consult their medical provider for any other symptoms that are severe or concerning.





Further develop your approach to assist employees on and off site.

A key part of your plan will be identifying high-risk employees to allow them to stay home and comprehensive training for on-site employees to help minimize their risk of exposure.

Accommodate high-risk employees.

Allow people who identify themselves as high-risk to work from home. Employees are not required to disclose what makes them high-risk, only that they are high-risk. Based on available information and clinical expertise, adults over 65 and people of any age who have serious underlying medical conditions might be at risk for severe illness from COVID-19.

Such underlying medical conditions include, but are not limited to chronic lung disease or moderate to severe asthma, serious heart conditions, conditions causing a person to be immunocompromised including cancer treatment, severe obesity (body mass index [BMI] of 40 or higher), chronic kidney disease and liver disease. Please see the CDC website for updates and a full list of medical conditions.

Consider training on safer work practices.

- A welcome kit for employees could consist of new policies, washable face masks if appropriate for the occupation and hand sanitizer.
- Physical distancing protocols.
- Hand hygiene: Studies show that adequate hand washing for 20 seconds with soap is important for stopping the spread of community infection. Use an alcohol-based hand sanitizer when soap isn't available.⁹
- Respiratory hygiene: In addition to typical guidance for respiratory hygiene (cover your mouth and nose when coughing or sneezing, use tissues and throw them away, wash your hands or use a hand sanitizer every time you touch your mouth or nose), the CDC recommends wearing cloth face coverings in public settings when physical distancing is difficult to maintain, especially in areas of significant community-based transmission.¹⁰

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Observe closely and be prepared to adjust your strategy if necessary.

Continued monitoring and communication about prevention and safety with employees is critical. Conduct frequent audits for building sanitation and distancing practices. Consider how your policy should change as technological advances such as treatment or a vaccine becomes widely available.

What to do if an employee falls ill.

Employees with symptoms of COVID-19 MUST stay at home and get tested. Frequently refer to the CDC website¹¹ for a current list of symptoms and guidelines. This is an evolving area and the symptom list and guidelines continue to change. A testing center locator is available on **uhc.com**.

At present, the CDC has recommended at least 3 days (72 hours) have passed since recovery defined as resolution of fever without the use of fever-reducing medications and improvement in respiratory symptoms; and at least 7 days have passed since symptoms first appeared to stay home. If the employee is able to work from home, they should do so for at least 14 days from the onset of their symptoms.

What to do if you have a worksite outbreak.

If a worksite outbreak occurs, have a plan in place to support employees, tighten restrictions and step back employee reintegration.

Steps to take include identify and assess the source and magnitude of the exposure, quickly quarantine those exposed, communicate to those at risk, determine the need for additional site cleaning, employee communications and/or modifications to the workspace.

Consider changing your strategy, such as adjusting seating arrangements, use of common spaces or shifting employees back home. Contact your state or county health department if an outbreak at work occurs.

Establish plans for an individual case or worksite outbreak.

Communicate your plan with employees and move quickly to help maintain their health and safety.

Support physical and mental health needs.

Avoid underestimating the physical and emotional impact of these events on employees.

Employees need to feel confident in your organization's strategy to reopen your business after the COVID-19 shutdown. A comprehensive return-to-work plan that includes virtual care solutions for both physical and mental health needs, as well as health monitoring, will assure employees you're taking all the right health and safety measures.

Build awareness and encourage the use of available resources.

Establish a clear and comprehensive approach to physical, mental and emotional health support and care. Frequent communication with employees should reiterate the availability of virtual care for physical and mental health needs, and a commitment to safety and health. Encourage and participate in a two-way dialogue.

About 50% of employees report their mental well-being was at least somewhat worse.¹² Employers can help by offering support services from health and wellness partners. Consider offering the following resources to employees:

- Emotional support line. UnitedHealth Group offers a free, 24/7 emotional support line for anyone at **1-866-342-6892**. It is staffed by professionally trained mental health experts.
- Employee Assistance Program.
- Virtual behavioral health access.
- Access to an assistance line for employees with financial challenges.
- Proactive outreach for employees with behavioral health conditions.
- Assistance with adherence to medications related to behavioral health conditions.
- Self-help apps that use clinically validated techniques to address stress, anxiety and depression. UnitedHealth Group has made premium access free for Sanvello, an on-demand emotional support mobile app during this time.



84%

of businesses are reminding their employees about the availability of mental health services and programs.¹³

For more information and support.

Please contact your UnitedHealthcare representative to learn more about the additional resources and support available to you and your employees as you plan your transition back to the worksite.



¹ cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/cases-updates/cases-in-us.html

² https://www.osha.gov

- ³ https://www.aei.org/wp-content/uploads/2020/03/National-Coronavirus-Response-a-Road-Map-to-Recovering-2.pdf, https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/32150748
- ⁴ Recovery Readiness: A How-To Guide For Reopening Your Workplace, Cushman & Wakefield 2020
- ⁵ Which of the following measures are companies taking to protect the health of your on-site employees? Mercer survey, April 2020
- ⁶ https://www.gensler.com/research-insight/blog/10-considerations-for-transitioning-back-to-work-in-a-post
- ⁷ Which of the following measures are companies taking to protect the health of your on-site employees? Mercer survey, April 2020
- ⁸ https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/symptoms-testing/symptoms.html
- ^e https://www.the-hospitalist.org/hospitalist/article/219484/aesthetic-dermatology/hand-washing-and-hand-sanitizer-skin-and-covid-19/page/0/1
- 10 https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/prevent-getting-sick/div-cloth-face-coverings.html
- 11 https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/symptoms-testing/symptoms.html

¹²Consumer sentiment during a time of global crisis, Optum survey, March 2020; https://www.optum.com/content/dam/optum3/optum/en/resources/PDFs/2020%20consumer-insights-during-global-crisis.pdf ¹³Which of the following measures are companies taking to protect the health of your on-site employees? Mercer survey, April 2020

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